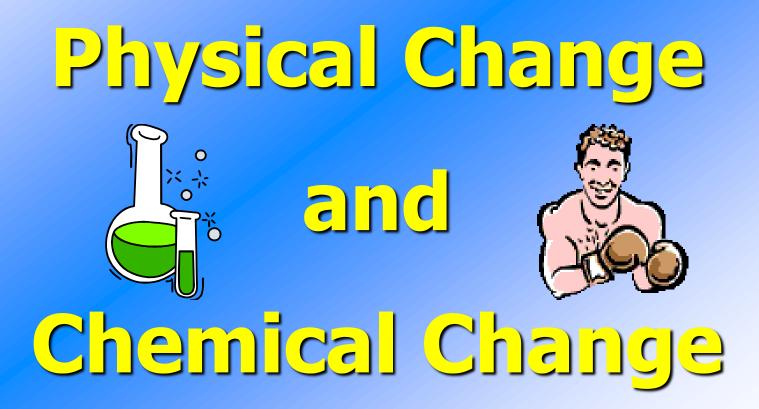


Explain the difference between



Physical Change

A change in a substance that does not change the identity of the substance.

Physical Change

Examples:

Ice melting



•Ripping paper in half
•Mixing ice tea mix in water
•Chewing your food

Chemical Change

A change in a substance that results in a new substance being formed.

Chemical Change Examples: •Burning a match Cooking food Rust forming Digesting food

Physical Change or Chemical Change ? You decide..

| | Baking a cake | Chemical change | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------|
| | The melting wax on a candle | Physical change | |
| | Putting salt on the water | Physical change | |
| | Burning the wick of a birthday candle | Chemical change | wich |
| | | | |

Physical Change or Chemical Change ? You decide..

| Sawing a piece of wood | Physical change |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Cutting your hair | Physical change |
| Bleaching your hair | Chemical change |
| Coloring in a coloring book | Physical change |
| | |

Chemical changes create new substances. New substances are the result of a chemical reaction.

For example : A Demo chemical reaction Magnesium metal added to Hydrochloric Acid produces a new substance known as Hydrogen gas (H_2)

 $Mg_{(s)} + 2 HCl_{(aq)} \rightarrow MgCl_{2(aq)} + H_{2(g)}$

Another example : Electrolysis of water produces new substances known as

Hydrogen and Oxygen gas (H₂) (O₂)

 $2H_2O_{(1)} \rightarrow 2H_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)}$